

ECHELON FINANCIAL HOLDINGS INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the six months ended June 30, 2016

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the six months ended June 30, 2016

References to "EFH" or "Company" in this Management's Discussion and Analysis refer to Echelon Financial Holdings Inc. on a consolidated basis, both now and in its predecessor forms.

Important Note:

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the quarters ended June 30, 2016, and 2015 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. The policies applied in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements are based on IFRS and have been consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the ones explained in note 3 in the condensed financial statements.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with EFH's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the second quarter of fiscal 2016 and 2015, with the notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, and with management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) and audited annual consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes in the Company's 2015 Annual Report. The financial data in this discussion has been prepared in accordance with IFRS and has been derived from the unaudited consolidated interim financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

The following commentary is current as of August 4, 2016. Additional information relating to EFH is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. Certain totals, subtotals and percentages may not reconcile due to rounding.

EFH uses both IFRS and certain non-IFRS measures to assess performance. Securities regulators require that companies caution readers about non-IFRS measures that do not have a standardized meaning under IFRS and are unlikely to be comparable to similar measures used by other companies. EFH analyzes performance based on underwriting income and underwriting ratios such as combined, expense and loss ratios, which are non-IFRS measures. Underwriting income is defined as net earned premiums less net claims incurred, net acquisition expenses, general expenses, integration costs and excludes any impact of change in discount rate or foreign exchange rate on claims.

The following discussion contains forward-looking information that involves risk and uncertainties based on current expectations. This information includes, but is not limited to, statements about the operations, business, financial condition, priorities, targets, ongoing objectives, strategies and outlook of EFH for 2016 and subsequent periods.

This information is based upon certain material factors or assumptions that were applied in drawing a conclusion or making a projection as reflected in the forward-looking information. By its nature, this information is subject to inherent risks and uncertainties that may be general or specific. A variety of material factors, many of which are beyond EFH's control, affect the operations, performance and results of EFH and its business, and could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations expressed in any of this forward-looking information.

COMPANY OVERVIEW

EFH operates in the property and casualty ("P&C") insurance industry in Canada and Europe. A divestiture process of the European business is currently underway. The Company underwrites automobile insurance and other specialty insurance products, with a focus on niche under-served markets. On August 4, 2016, EFH announced that it has signed a definitive stock purchase agreement for the sale of its European operations, subject to customary closing. The sale is expected to close in the 3rd quarter of 2016. The European operation results and balance sheet fair value impairment associated with its sale are referred to as discontinued operations in this document.

EFH operates in Canada through Echelon Insurance ("Echelon"), a federally-regulated P&C insurance company and The Insurance Company of Prince Edward Island ("ICPEI"), a provincially regulated P&C insurance company. It has two lines of insurance business in Canada – Personal Lines and Commercial Lines. Personal Lines focuses on the underwriting of non-standard automobile insurance and insurance for motorcycles, antique and classic vehicles, trailers, motor homes, recreational vehicles and personal property. Commercial Lines designs and underwrites specialized insurance programs, such as hard-to-place commercial property, primary and excess liability, creditor insurance, and extended warranty.

The International segment underwrites specialty insurance programs in Europe through Qudos Insurance A/S ("Qudos"), a majority-owned insurance company. Qudos is domiciled in Denmark and is regulated throughout the European Union by the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority. Products underwritten include non-standard auto, personal property and warranty insurance for new and existing homes. It commenced writing premiums in 2012 and, to date, the majority of the business written is in the United Kingdom, Ireland and Scandinavia. As mentioned above, this division has been sold, subject to regulatory approval and customary closing conditions.

SECOND QUARTER HIGHLIGHTS

- Net operating income on continued operations of \$0.24 per share compared to an income of \$0.21 per share in the second quarter of 2015.
- An underwriting loss on continuing operations of \$0.5 million for the quarter compared to an underwriting income of \$0.3 million in the second quarter of 2015, negatively impacted by losses from Fort McMurray wildfires of \$2 million, net of reinsurance, and exceptionally large claims in Ontario auto.
- A combined operating ratio of 101% compared to 99% in the second quarter of 2015.
- A 9% increase in net written premiums on continuing operations over the same period in 2015 to \$63.5 million, primarily driven by increased personal lines premiums across Canada.
- A loss of \$2.23 per share on the International operations, consisting of an operating loss of \$0.37 per share and a fair value impairment of the business of \$1.86 per share.
- Total pre-tax gain on invested assets of \$5.1 million in the quarter compared to a pre-tax loss of \$1.1 million in the second quarter of 2015, primarily due to improved performance of the preferred share portfolio in the quarter.
- An increase of \$0.15 in book value per share from continuing operations. Book value per share was \$13.08, due to a \$2.23 per share impact from the International operations.

The following financial information compares three and six months ended June 30, 2016, results with the same periods in 2015 on a continued operations basis.

	3 months June		6 months ended June 30	
(\$ THOUSANDS except per share amounts)	2016	2015	2016	2015
Direct written and assumed premiums	67,791	63,378	109,912	105,604
Net written premiums	63,544	58,131	102,253	96,497
Net earned premiums	45,247	43,140	88,595	85,681
Net claims incurred	28,242	26,464	56,545	57,873
Net acquisition costs	10,266	10,200	20,050	19,892
Operating expenses	7,241	6,205	14,541	12,979
Underwriting (loss) income	(502)	271	(2,540)	(5,063)
Other income		748		748
One-time expense ⁽²⁾	(1,028)		(2,512)	
Investment income	4,916	3,782	8,861	8,942
Impact of discount rate – increase in claims	_	(1,056)	_	(1,056)
Net income before interest and income taxes on continued operations	3,386	3,745	3,809	3,571
Interest expense	53	_	97	_
Income taxes expense (recovery)	1,135	(110)	596	(1,162)
Net income on continued operations	2,198	3,855	3,116	4,733
Net income attributable to shareholders on continued operations	1,813	3,646	2,773	4,941
Net operating income attributable to shareholders on continued operations	2,873	2,569	3,917	1,659
Earnings per share on continued operations				
Basic	\$0.15	\$0.31	\$0.24	\$0.42
Diluted	\$0.15	\$0.30	\$0.23	\$0.41
Net operating income per share on continued operations — diluted ⁽¹⁾	\$0.24	\$0.21	\$0.33	\$0.14
Trailing twelve month return on equity (ROE) - continued	5.9%	9.4%	5.9%	9.4%

⁽¹⁾ Net operating income is defined as net income excluding the impact of the change in discount rate and foreign exchange rates on unpaid claims and investments, realized losses or gains on sale of investments, discontinued operations, unrealized fair value changes on Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL) investments, one time and non-recurring items. Net operating income is adjusted to that attributable to shareholders for per share calculation.

(2) One-time expense not considered part of operating expenses and relates to severance expenses.

Insurance Operations

Direct Written and Net Earned Premiums

In the second quarter of 2016, direct written premiums increased by \$4.4 million, or 7%, to \$67.8 million compared to \$63.4 million in the same period last year. Net earned premiums increased by \$2.1 million, or by 5%, to \$45.2 million compared to \$43.1 million in the same period last year, primarily due to growth in motorcycle and recreational vehicles.

Claims Incurred

For the quarter ended June 30, 2016, net claims expense increased to \$28.2 million compared to \$26.5 million in the second quarter of 2015, resulting in a slightly increased loss ratio to 62%, compared to 61% for the same period in 2015. This was primarily driven by the Fort McMurray wildfire in Alberta and an exceptionally large claim in Ontario auto.

On a consolidated basis, net favourable development of prior year claims of \$7.3 million was recorded in the second guarter of 2016 compared to net favourable development of \$3.2 million in the same period in 2015.

Acquisition Costs

Acquisition costs, which consist mainly of commissions, premium taxes and a portion of general expenses related to policy acquisition, increased slightly to \$10.3 million in the quarter.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses increased \$1.0 million or 17% to \$7.2 million in the second quarter of 2016 compared to \$6.2 million in the comparative quarter, primarily due to an increase in salaries and benefits.

One-time Expenses

One-time expenses relate to severance costs paid in the quarter to executives terminated in the Company's European and Canadian operations.

Underwriting Income

Underwriting loss of \$0.5 million was recorded in the second quarter of 2016 compared to underwriting income of \$0.3 million in the same period in 2015. The decrease was primarily due to losses related to the Fort McMurray fire in Alberta.

Investment Income

There was investment income of \$4.9 million in the second quarter of 2016 compared to an income of \$3.8 million in the same period in 2015, primarily due to an increase in the fair value of the Canadian preferred share portfolio.

Net Income before Interest and Income Taxes

For the quarter ended June 30, 2016, net income before interest and taxes was \$3.4 million compared to income of \$3.7 million in the second quarter of 2015.

Income Taxes

For the quarter ended June 30, 2016, the provision for income taxes reflects an expense of \$1.1 million compared to a recovery of \$0.1 million for the same period last year.

SEGMENTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Continued Operations)

Canadian Operations

	3 months ended June 30				6 months ended June 30			
(\$THOUSANDS)	2016	2015	\$Variance	%Variance	2016	2015	\$Variance	%Variance
Direct written premiums	67,791	63,378	4,413	7	109,912	105,604	4,308	4
Net earned premiums	45,247	43,140	2,107	5	88,595	85,681	2,914	3
Net claims:								
Current year claims	35,516	29,651	5,865	20	65,887	63,863	2,024	3
Current year loss ratio	78.5%	68.7%			74.4%	74.5%		
Favourable prior year claims development	7,274	3,187	4,087	128	9,342	5,990	3,352	56
Total net claims	28,242	26,464	1,778	7	56,545	57,873	(1,328)	(2)
Claims ratio	62.4%	61.3%			63.8%	67.5%		
Expense ratio	35.3%	33.9%			35.1%	33.8%		
Combined ratio	97.7%	95.2%			98.9%	101.3%		
Underwriting income (loss)	1,017	2,070	(1,053)	(51)	1,014	(1,152)	2,166	(188)

Personal Lines

	3 months ended June 30			6 months ended June 30				
(\$THOUSANDS)	2016	2015	\$Variance	%Variance	2016	2015	\$Variance	%Variance
Direct written premiums	51,205	48,181	3,024	6	82,016	78,946	3,070	4
Net earned premiums	34,614	34,092	522	2	67,974	67,130	844	1
Net claims:								
Current year claims	29,567	25,761	3,806	15	53,266	53,477	(211)	0
Current year loss ratio	85.4%	75.6%			78.5%	79.7%		
Favourable prior year claims development	5,809	3,989	1,820	46	7,576	5,192	2,384	46
Total net claims	23,758	21,772	1,986	9	45,690	48,285	(2,595)	(5)
Claims ratio	68.6%	63.8%			67.2%	71.9%		
Expense ratio	33.0%	30.8%			32.5%	30.9%		
Combined ratio	101.6%	94.6%			99.7%	102.8%		
Underwriting income (loss)	(569)	1,816	(2,385)	(131)	174	(1,850)	2,024	109

Second quarter 2016

Personal Lines reported an underwriting loss of \$0.6 million compared to an underwriting income \$1.8 million in the same period last year, a decrease of \$2.4 million.

This segment's combined ratio increased to 102% in the quarter as a result of the following factors:

- 1. Exceptionally large losses reported in Ontario auto in the quarter. Large losses in the quarter increased the Personal Lines combined ratio by 23% in 2016 compared to 2% in the same period in 2015.
- 2. Fort McMurray wildfire claims of \$1.0 million on a net basis, mainly in motorcycle and recreational vehicles.
- 3. Offset by increased positive development on prior year claims of \$5.8 million compared to \$4.0 million in the same period in 2015.

Year-to-Date 2016

Personal Lines reported an underwriting income of \$0.2 million compared to an underwriting loss \$1.9 million in the same period last year, an increase of \$2.0 million.

This segment's combined ratio decreased to 100% for the year as a result of the following factors:

- 1. Benign winter driving conditions in Ontario and Atlantic auto in the first quarter resulted in improved auto performance in 2016 compared to 2015.
- 2. Increased positive development on prior year claims of \$7.6 million compared to \$5.2 million in the same period in 2015.
- 3. Offset by claims from the Fort McMurray wildfire and large losses in the second guarter of 2016.

Commercial Lines

	3 months ended June 30			6 months ended June 30				
(\$THOUSANDS)	2016	2015	\$Variance	%Variance	2016	2015	\$Variance	%Variance
Direct written premiums	16,586	15,197	1,389	9	27,896	26,658	1,238	5
Net earned premiums	10,633	9,048	1,585	18	20,621	18,551	2,070	11
Net claims:								
Current year claims	5,949	3,892	2,057	53	12,621	10,386	2,235	22
Current year loss ratio	55.9%	43.0%			61.2%	56.0%		
Favourable prior year claims development	1,465	(802)	2,267	283	1,766	798	968	121
Total net claims	4,484	4,692	(208)	(4)	10,855	9,588	1,267	13
Claims ratio	42.2%	51.9%			52.6%	51.7%		
Expense ratio	42.9%	45.2%			43.3%	44.6%		
Combined ratio	85.1%	97.1%			95.9%	96.2%		
Underwriting income	1,586	254	1,332	524	840	698	142	20

Second quarter 2016

Commercial Lines recorded an underwriting income in the second quarter of 2016 of \$1.6 million, compared to underwriting income of \$0.3 million in the second quarter of 2015, an increase of \$1.3 million. Direct written premiums increased by 9% in the quarter due to growth in warranty and surety business.

This segment's combined ratio decreased to 85% in the quarter as a result of the following factors:

- 1. Improved performance in the Ontario commercial property compared to the same period in 2015.
- 2. Offset by the Fort McMurray fire impacted the Western region performance, of which \$1.0 million was related to commercial lines.
- 3. Increased positive development on prior year claims of \$1.5 million compared to negative development of prior year claims of \$0.8 million in the same period in 2015.

Year-to-Date 2016

Commercial Lines recorded an underwriting income of \$0.8 million, compared to underwriting income of \$0.7 million in the same period last year, an increase of \$0.1 million.

This segment's combined ratio remained the same compared to prior year at 96% with the following factors:

- 1. Increased positive development on prior year claims of \$1.8 million compared to positive development of prior year claims of \$0.8 million in the same period in 2015.
- 2. Fort McMurray fire impacted the Western regional performance, of which \$1.0 million was related to commercial lines.
- 3. Large property claim in Western Canada, with an incurred of \$1.0 million.

SEGMENTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Discontinued Operations)

On August 4, 2016, the Company entered into a definitive stock purchase agreement to sell its European subsidiary, subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approval. The transaction results in a fair value impairment to book value of \$22.0 million and the International segment has been classified as a discontinued operation in these financial statements.

The transaction is expected to close in the third quarter of 2016.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

A summary of the Company's last eight quarters is as follows:

	2016			2015			2014	
(\$ THOUSANDS except per share amounts)	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	
Direct written and assumed premiums	67,791	42,121	43,100	50,769	63,378	42,226	44,701	47,577
Net earned premiums and other revenue	45,247	43,348	43,905	46,882	43,140	42,541	45,321	44,353
Underwriting (loss) income	(502)	(2,038)	3,195	1,420	271	(5,334)	6,290	(447)
Income (loss) before interest expense and income taxes	3,386	423	11,552	(1,186)	3,745	(174)	8,758	5,227
Net income (loss)	2,198	918	9,341	(1,278)	3,855	879	6,510	5,082
Net operating income (loss)	2,873	1,043	4,707	3,556	2,569	(910)	7,196	2,365
Earnings (loss) per adjusted share								
(a) Basic	\$0.15	\$0.08	\$0.78	(\$0.11)	\$0.31	\$0.11	\$0.55	\$0.43
(b) Diluted	\$0.15	\$0.08	\$0.76	\$0.11	\$0.30	\$0.11	\$0.53	\$0.42
Net operating income (loss) per share - diluted	\$0.24	\$0.08	\$0.41	\$0.31	\$0.21	(\$0.06)	\$0.61	\$0.21
Selected financial ratios								
Loss ratio	62.4%	65.3%	53.9%	60.3%	61.4%	73.8%	48.3%	59.6%
Expense ratio	38.7%	39.4%	38.8%	36.7%	38.0%	38.7%	37.8%	41.4%
Combined ratio	101.1%	104.7%	92.7%	97.0%	99.4%	112.5%	86.1%	101.0%
Book value per share	\$13.08	\$15.16	\$15.75	\$15.55	\$16.00	\$16.11	\$15.82	\$15.19

The quarterly results reflect the seasonality of the Company's business. While net earned premiums are relatively stable from quarter to quarter, except for acquisition-related growth, underwriting results vary significantly by quarter as they are affected by changes in weather conditions.

Net Operating Income

	3 months e June 3	6 months ended June 30		
(\$ THOUSANDS except per share amounts)	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net investment income (1)	3,042	3,535	6,409	7,051
Underwriting income (loss)	(502)	271	(2,540)	(5,063)
Add: impact of Fort McMurray wildfires	2,000	_	2,000	_
Pre-tax operating income	4,540	3,806	5,869	1,988
Income tax	(1,282)	(1,028)	(1,610)	(537)
Net operating income	3,258	2,778	4,259	1,451
Minority interest	(385)	(209)	(342)	208
Net operating income attributable to shareholders	2,873	2,569	3,917	1,659
Net operating income per share - diluted	\$0.24	\$0.21	\$0.33	\$0.14

⁽¹⁾ Net investment income consists of interest income, dividend income and premium financing charges, less interest expense, as per Note 6.

BALANCE SHEET ANALYSIS

The Balance Sheet analysis that follows should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the second quarter of 2016, and notes therein.

Balance Sheet Highlights

Selected balance sheet highlights and book value per share details are as follows:

(\$ THOUSANDS except per share amounts)	As at June 30, 2016	As at December 31, 2015
Cash and short-term deposits	60,643	4,210
Investments	332,871	402,529
Total assets	892,446	871,257
Provision for unpaid claims	263,546	260,848
Unearned premiums	114,131	100,846
Total equity attributable to shareholders	153,441	184,700
Book value per share (1)	\$13.08	\$15.75
MCT Ratio - Echelon Insurance	240%	241%
- ICPEI	320%	289%

⁽¹⁾ Shareholders' equity divided by the number of shares issued and outstanding.

Investments

EFH has an investment policy that seeks to provide a stable income base to support EFH's liabilities without incurring an undue level of investment risk. In addition to this risk-return analysis, the chosen asset mix also considers the amount of regulatory capital that is required.

EFH's investment portfolio is invested in well-established, active and liquid markets in Canada, the United States and Europe. Fair value for most investments is determined by reference to observable market data.

Fair Value of Investments

The following table sets forth EFH's invested assets as at June 30, 2016, and December 31, 2015.

(\$ Thousands)	Fair values				
Available-for-sale	As at June 30, 2016	% of Total	As at December 31, 2015	% of Total	
Fixed income					
Canadian					
Federal	45,297		45,524		
Provincial	58,105		55,976		
Municipal	530		1,386		
Corporate	135,525		171,789		
	239,457		274,675		
Fixed income lent through securities lending program					
Federal	14,416		14,231		
Provincial	3,614		3,800		
Municipal	853		_		
Corporate	6,334		4,673		
	25,217		22,704		
Foreign fixed income					
Government	_		_		
Corporate	2,737		21,384		
	2,737		21,384		
Foreign lent through securities lending program					
Corporate	_		_		
Total fixed income	267,411	68%	318,763	78%	
Commercial mortgages pooled funds	17,298		17,017		
Money market pooled funds	159		403		
Short-term fixed income and mortgage pooled funds	17,201		16,934		
Total pooled funds	34,658	9%	34,354	8%	
Common shares					
Canadian	270		2,656		
US	_		8,012		
Total common shares	270	—%	10,668	3%	
Total available-for-sale	302,339		363,785		
Fair value through profit or loss					
Preferred shares	30,496		38,400		
Preferred shares lent through securities lending program	36		344		
Total Preferred shares	30,532	8%	38,744	10%	
Total investments	332,871	85%	402,529	99%	
Cash and short-term deposits	60,643	15%	4,210	1%	
Total investments including cash and short-term deposits	393,514	100%	406,739	100%	

Impairment Assets and Provisions for Losses

EFH has an established policy to write down or make a provision for any investment with objective evidence that the value of the investment is impaired.

There was no impairment loss recognized during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

A gross unrealized loss of \$0.9 million (June 30, 2015 – \$1.4 million) on investments held as at June 30, 2016, is recorded, net of tax, in the amount of \$0.7 million (June 30, 2015 – \$1.1 million) in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. The Company has concluded, based on its review, that these fair value deficiencies do not meet the criteria for impairment and they will be monitored on an ongoing basis.

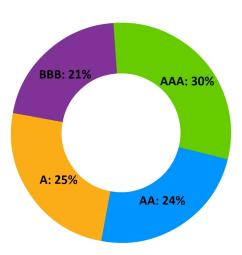
Fixed Income Securities

EFH holds fixed income securities to provide a steady, predictable level of income with reasonable liquidity and minimal risk of loss and a fixed sum at maturity. EFH's portfolio is diversified by selecting various types of government and corporate bonds. Constraints on types of issuers take liquidity, diversification and risk into account by limiting the portfolio mix by issuer.

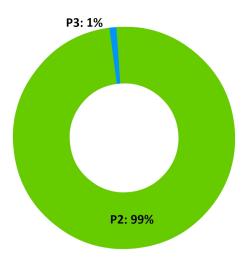
EFH's bond portfolio has a high overall credit quality with an average rating of AA. The preferred shares have an average rating of P2. The duration of the bond portfolio is 3 years.

The chart below set forth EFH's fixed income portfolio by credit quality as at June 30, 2016.

Bond Ratings Q2 2016



Preferred Shares Q2 2016



Sector Mix by Asset Class

The following table shows sector exposure by asset class as at June 30, 2016:

Sector	Fixed Income Securities & Pooled Funds	Preferred Shares	Common Shares	Total
Financial Services	26%	64%	63%	30%
Government	43%	—%	—%	39%
Infrastructure	11%	—%	—%	10%
Telecommunication	5%	—%	—%	4%
Consumer Discretionary	—%	—%	—%	—%
Energy	3%	—%	13%	3%
Industrial Products	3%	7%	—%	3%
Pipelines	3%	9%	—%	4%
Utilities	—%	20%	24%	2%
Other	6%	—%	—%	5%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
Total (1) (\$ Thousands)	\$301,612	\$30,532	\$270	\$332,413

⁽¹⁾ Fixed income securities & pooled funds do not include any cash being carried by the pooled funds, \$0.5 million as at June 30, 2016.

Common Share Portfolio

As at June 30, 2016, 100% of the common share portfolio was invested in Canadian equities.

Fair Value Impairment

The fair value impairment on sale of discontinued operations of \$22.0 million is comprised of an impairment loss of \$21.0 million, reflecting the fair value impairment of net assets of Qudos Insurance A/S and \$1.0 million of transaction costs. The impairment was reflected against unearned premiums.

Recoverable from Reinsurers

(\$ THOUSANDS)	As at June 30, 2016	As at December 31, 2015
Reinsurers' share of unpaid claims	30,605	29,222
Reinsurers' share of unearned premiums	7,802	8,178
Total	38,407	37,400

As at June 30, 2016, the recoverable from reinsurers increased by \$1.0 million, or 3%, to \$38.4 million from \$37.4 million as at December 31, 2015. The increase was due to large losses incurred in the year with reinsurance coverage. All reinsurers, with balances due, have a rating of A— or above as determined by Standard & Poor's and A.M. Best, except for several Specialty Programs distributors who share a portion of the risk with EFH, for whom the Company holds deposits as collateral.

Accounts Receivable

(\$ THOUSANDS)	As at June 30, 2016	As at December 31, 2015
Premium financing receivables	25,345	18,355
Agents and brokers	11,946	8,702
Other	6,156	6,909
Total	43,447	33,966

Premium financing receivables represents 58.3% of total receivables as at June 30, 2016. Premium financing receivables increased to \$25.3 million at June 30, 2016, from \$18.4 million at December 31, 2015 due to seasonality. Agent and broker receivables increased from \$8.7 million in 2015 to \$11.9 million in 2016 also due to seasonality.

Provision for Unpaid Claims

EFH establishes loss reserves to provide for future amounts required to pay claims related to insured events that have occurred and been reported but have not yet been settled, and related to events that have occurred but have not yet been reported to EFH. Provision for unpaid claims consists of the aggregate amount of individual case reserves established and management's estimate of claims incurred but not reported, based on the volume of business currently in force and historical claims experience and are determined by EFH's appointed actuary. Provisions for unpaid claims are discounted to present value. The discount rates used for June 30, 2016 and 2015 for the following entities are below:

Entity	As at June 30, 2016	As at December 31, 2015
Echelon Insurance	2.44%	2.44%
ICPEI	1.63%	1.63%

Share Capital

As of August 4, 2016, there were 11,733,895 common shares issued and outstanding.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The purpose of liquidity management is to ensure there is sufficient cash to meet all of EFH's financial commitments and obligations as they come due. EFH believes that it has the flexibility to obtain, from internal sources, the funds needed to fulfill its cash requirements, during the following financial year and to satisfy regulatory capital requirements.

Contractual obligations include operating leases, for which \$1.4 million is due in less than a year and \$10.1 million is due over the next nine years.

EFH is primarily a holding company and, as such, has limited direct operations of its own. EFH's principal assets are the shares of its insurance and reinsurance subsidiaries. Accordingly, its future cash flows depend in part upon the availability of dividends and other statutorily permissible distributions from its insurance subsidiaries. The ability to pay such dividends and to make such other distributions is limited by applicable laws and regulations of the jurisdictions in which the insurance subsidiaries are domiciled, which subject the insurance subsidiaries to significant regulatory restrictions. These laws and regulations require, among other things, that the insurance subsidiaries maintain minimum solvency requirements and may also limit the amount of dividends that the insurance subsidiaries can pay to EFH.

Capital Management

The total capitalization of EFH at June 30, 2016, was \$157.4 million compared to \$188.7 million at December 31, 2015.

The Minimum Capital Test (MCT) ratio of the Company's Canadian subsidiary, Echelon Insurance, as at June 30, 2016, was 240%, which comfortably exceeds the supervisory regulatory capital level required by the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions (OSFI). ICPEI's MCT ratio of 320% was in excess of provincial supervisory targets. The Company's European subsidiary, Qudos, had a Danish Financial Services Authority (DKFSA) Individual Solvency ratio of 113%, as at June 30, 2016, in excess of the DKFSA minimum. In addition to excess capital at Echelon Insurance, the Company has approximately \$5 million of excess deployable capital invested in liquid assets in the holding company.

Normal Course Issuer Bid (NCIB)

On August 19, 2014, the Company received approval from the TSX to commence an NCIB to repurchase and cancel up to 703,792 common shares, representing 10% of its public float issued and outstanding common shares at that time. This was in force until August 20, 2015.

On October 8, 2015, the Company received approval from the TSX to commence an NCIB to repurchase and cancel up to 619,265 common shares, representing 10% of its public float issued and outstanding common shares at that time. This is in force until October 7, 2016.

In 2016 there were 51,000 common shares repurchased at an average cost of \$13.24 per share for a total consideration of \$0.7 million. From October 8, 2015 to August 3, 2016, the Company purchased and canceled 115,700 common shares under the NCIB program at an average cost of \$13.65 per share for a total consideration of \$1.6 million.

Transactions with Related Parties

EFH has entered into transactions with The Co-operators Group Limited ("Co-operators"), which is a significant shareholder of EFH. These transactions are carried out in the normal course of operations and are measured at arms length which approximates fair value. The transactions principally consist of an agent distribution channel, support services and investment management.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS and in compliance with IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting." Please refer to note 3 of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the guarter ended June 30, 2016.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by EFH is recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner. This includes controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

As of June 30, 2016, an evaluation was carried out, under the supervision of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as defined under Multilateral Instrument 52-109. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that the design of these disclosure controls and procedures was effective.

Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

As at the quarter ended June 30, 2016, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer evaluated the design of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that the design of internal controls as at June 30, 2016, was effective to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2016, that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

For a description of EFH's accounting policies, which are on an IFRS basis, refer to note 3 in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the quarter ended June 30, 2016. A description of EFH's critical accounting estimates and assumptions is also detailed in note 4 of the interim financial statements.

GLOSSARY OF SELECTED INSURANCE TERMS

- "Cede" means the act of an insurer transferring or assigning part or all of the risk on an insurance policy written by it to a reinsurer by purchasing insurance from such reinsurer to cover the risk or part thereof.
- "Combined ratio" of an insurer for any period means the sum of the loss ratio and the expense ratio of the insurer for such period.
- "Direct written premiums" of an insurer for any period means the total premiums on insurance, including assumed reinsurance, written by the insurer during such period.
- "Expense ratio" for any period means the sum of expenses, including commissions, premium taxes and operating expenses incurred, expressed as a percentage of net earned premiums.
- "Loss adjustment expenses" or "LAE" means the expense of settling claims, including certain legal and other fees and the expense of administering the claims adjustment process.
- "Loss ratio" for any period means the sum of claims and claims adjustment expenses incurred, net of reinsurance, expressed as a percentage of net earned premiums.
- "Minimum Capital Test" means the OSFI's Minimum Capital Test (MCT) Guideline under which a federally regulated insurer is measured for the adequacy of its capital.
- "Net earned premiums" of an insurer means the portion of the written premium equal to the expired portion of the time for which insurance or reinsurance was in effect.
- "Net Operating Income" means net income plus or minus the after tax impact of change in discount rate on unpaid claims, realized losses or gains on sale of investments, discontinued operations, unrealized fair value changes on FVTPL investments and one time non recurring charges.
- "Net written premiums" of an insurer means direct written premiums less amounts ceded to reinsurers.
- "Producers" refers to, collectively, insurance brokers, agents and managing general agencies.
- "Reinsurance" means an arrangement in which an insurance company, the reinsurer, agrees to indemnify another insurance or reinsurance company, the ceding company, against all or a portion of the insurance or reinsurance risks underwritten by the ceding company under one or more policies.
- "Return on equity" or "ROE" for a period means net income expressed as a percentage of the average total shareholder equity in that period.
- "Underwriting" means the assumption of risk for designated loss or damage by issuing a policy of insurance in respect thereof.
- "Unearned premiums" means the portion of premiums received relating to the period of risk in subsequent accounting periods and which is deferred to such subsequent accounting periods.